HOWELL TOWN

Compiled Financial Statements

June 30, 2005



Certified Public Accountants, L.C. 547 South Main P.O. Box 369
Brigham City, Utah 84302
435-723-5224

Howell Town June 30, 2005

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216 East Main Tremonton, Utah 84337 435-257-5486 The Mayor and Town Council Howell Town Howell, Utah 84316

We have compiled the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Howell, Utah, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

A compilation is limited to presenting in the form of financial statements information that is the representation of management. We have not audited or reviewed the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on them.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, on pages 2 through 8 and page 28, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have compiled the supplementary information from information that is the representation of management, without audit or review. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on the supplementary information.

We are not independent with respect to Howell Town.

PAVIS & BOTT

Certified Public Accountants, L.C.

Brigham City, Utah November 14, 2005

As management of Howell, Utah, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The Town's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- A. The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2005, by \$311,158. Of this amount, unrestricted net assets of \$191,073 may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- B. The total net assets increased by \$14,995 from the prior year. The increase primary resulted from a reduction in road expenditures.
- C. As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$154,800, an increase of \$101,874 in comparison with the prior year. The amount of \$134,584 is unreserved and available for spending.
- D. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$134,584, or 299 percent of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Howell Town

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, highways and streets, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town consist of culinary water.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Howell Town

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The Town maintains one governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund. The general fund is considered a major fund.

The Town adopts a one-year budget for its governmental fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided.

Proprietary Funds. The Town maintains only one type of proprietary fund; namely, an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Information is presented in the proprietary statement of net assets and the proprietary statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets for the water utility fund.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2005, the Town's assets exceeded liabilities by \$311,158. Of the Town's net assets, 30 percent reflects its investment in capital assets net of related debt. Capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and they are not available for future spending. Of the remaining net assets, 9 percent represents reserved funds and 61 percent represents unreserved funds.

Howell Town's Net Assets

	Governm A ctivi			ss-Type vities	To	tal
	2005	2004	<u>2005</u>	2004	2005	2004
Noncapital assets Capital assets	\$ 172,921 5,986	\$ 127,295 8,981	\$ 54,189 211,075	\$ 129,196 221,970	\$ 227,110 217,061	\$ 256,491 230,951
Total assets	178,907	136,276	265,264	351,166	444,171	487,442
Other liabilities Long-term liabilities . Total liabilities	6,930	4,820 52,693	7,357 118,726 126,083	8,491 125,275 133,766	14,287 118,726	13,311 177,968 191,279
Net assets: Investment in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	5,986 28,299 137,692	8,981 - 69,782	85,800 - 53,381	90 ,295 - 127, 1 05	91,786 28,299 191,073	99,27 6 - <u>196,887</u>
Unrestricted Total net assets	\$ 171,977	\$ 78,763		\$ 217,400	\$ 311,158	\$ <u>296,163</u>

The balance of unrestricted net assets of \$191,073 may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town is able to report positive net asset balances in all categories, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its combined governmental and business-type activities.

Howell Town's Changes in Net Assets

		Governm Activi				Busines Activ				Tot	al	
		2005	_	2004		2005		2004		2005		2004
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												22 225
Charges for services	\$	1,892	\$	2,865	\$	28,913	\$	34,860	\$	30,805	\$	37,725
Operating grants												ro 703
and contributions		39,248		52,703		_		_		39,248		52,703
General revenues:										0 115		0.000
Property taxes		2,115		2,862		-				2,115		2,862
Other taxes		17,255		15,244		-		-		17,255		15,244
Other		3,400		847	_	1,437	_	1,960	_	4,837	-	2,807
Total revenues		63,910	_	74,521	_	30,350	_	36,820	_	94,260	-	111,341
Expenses:												
General government		20,504		23,894		-		-		20,504		23,894
Highways and streets		25,682		5 6,9 87		-		-		25,682		56,987
Culture and												
recreation		1,747		2,444		-		-		1,747		2,444
Water utility			_		_	31,332	-	34,155	_	31,332	-	34,155
Total expenses	_	47,933	_	83,325	_	31,332	-	34,155	_	79,265	-	117,480
Increase (decrease) in net assets		15,977		(8,804)		(9 82)		2,665		14,995		(6,139)
Net assets - beginning		78,763		87,567		217,400		214,735		296,163		302,302
Prior period adjustment	_	77,237	_		-	(77,237)	-		-			
Net assets - end	\$	<u>171,977</u>	\$_	78,763	\$_	139,181	\$	217,400	\$_	311,158	ş,	296,163

Governmental and Business-Type Activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net assets by \$15,977. When combined with the \$982 decrease in net assets from business-type activities, overall net assets increased by \$14,995 or 5 percent.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Government Funds. The purpose of the Town's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the Town's chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$134,584, which comprises 87 percent of the total fund balance. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unreserved general fund balance represents 299 percent of total general fund expenditures. The fund balance of the Town's general fund increased by \$101,874 during the current fiscal year. This increase was mainly due to a prior period adjustment re-allocating the pooled cash in the checking account between general and proprietary.

The water utility fund's net assets decreased by \$982. This decrease was anticipated.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original submitted budget for fiscal year 2005 was not modified and, therefore, represents the final budget for the Town.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at June 30, 2005, amounted to \$217,061 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, service lines, equipment, roads and similar infrastructure. The total decrease in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$13,890, a decrease of 33 percent for governmental activities and a decrease of 5 percent for business-type activities.

The decrease in governmental capital assets was due to accumulated depreciation as required by GASB 34.

Howell Town's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

		nmental vities		ess-Type vities	To	otal
	2005	2004	2005	2004	<u>2005</u>	2004
Buildings and improvements Equipment	\$ - 5,986	\$ - 8,981	\$211,075	\$221,970 	\$211,075 5,986	\$221,970 8,981
Net capital assets	\$ <u>5,986</u>	\$ <u>8,981</u>	\$ <u>211,075</u>	\$ <u>221,970</u>	\$ <u>217,061</u>	\$ <u>230,951</u>

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on pages 24 and 25 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had \$125,275 in outstanding revenue bonds.

Howell Town's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	<u>2005</u> <u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u> <u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u> <u>2004</u>
Revenue bonds	<u> </u>	\$ 125,275 \$ 131,675	\$ 125,275 \$ 131,675
Total	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 125,275 \$ 131,675	\$ <u>125,275</u> \$ 131,675

Total long-term debt decreased by \$6,400 for the year.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Howell Town anticipates extending the Cemetery from the current one-third acre to an additional one-third to two-thirds acre because only three plots currently remain available. In addition, the Town will be adding water lines and grass for the Cemetery when it is extended.

The Town was awarded a contract from U.S. Postal Service and will be constructing a building for postal operations.

The Town did not experience any rate changes during the year.

Howell Town Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	Pr	imary Government	t
ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	6140 774	¢ 60 144	0011 010
Accounts receivable - net	\$149,774	\$ 62,144	\$211,918
Property taxes receivable	1 056	2,045	2,045
Sales tax receivable	1,956	-	1,956
B&C road allotment receivable	3,108	_	3,108
	8,083	-	8,083
<pre>Interfund receivable (payable) Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation</pre>	10,000	(10,000)	-
Buildings and improvements	-	211,075	211,075
Equipment	5,986		5,986
Total assets	178,907	265,264	444,171
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued			
liabilities	4,974	808	5,782
Deferred revenue	1,956	_	1,956
Current portion of long-term debt	-	6,549	6,549
Note payable		118,726	118,726
Total liabilities	6,930	126,083	133,013
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of			
related debt	5,986	85,800	91,786
Restricted - B&C roads	28 ,29 9	-	28,299
Unrestricted	137,692	53,381	191,073
Total net assets	\$171 ,97 7	\$139,181	\$311,158

the Year Ended June 30, 2005 Statement of Activities Howell Town For

			selldewed meyeove		Net (1 Cha	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	and
			Operating	Capital			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Function/Program	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	<u>rotal</u>
<pre>Sovernmental activities: General government</pre>	\$ 20,504	\$ 1,892	l 45-	l vs	\$ (18,612)	l vs	\$ (18,612)
Culture and recreation Highways and streets	1,747 25,682 47,933	1,892	200 39,048 39,248	1 1	(1,547) 13,366 (6,793)		(1,547) 13,366 (6,793)
Business-type activities: Water utility	31,332	28,913		1	1	(2,419)	(2, 419)
Total primary government activities	\$ 79,265	\$ 30,805	\$ 39,248	u v	(6, 793)	(2,419)	(9, 212)
	General revenues: Taxes: Property taxe General sales Unrestricted	ral revenues: xes: Property taxes General sales and use taxes Unrestricted investment earnings	taxes		2,115 17,255 3,400	1,437	2,115 17,255 4,837
	Tot	Total general revenu	revenues assets		22,770	1,437	24,207
	Ne. Pr.	Net assets - begir Prior period adjus	beginning adjustment		78,763	217,400	296,163
	Ne	Net assets - ending	Ď:		\$ 171,977	\$ 139,181	\$ 311,158

See accompanying notes and Accountants' Report

Howell Town Balance Sheet June 30, 2005

	General Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net) Property tax Sales tax B&C road fund Interfund receivable	\$ 149,774 1,956 3,108 8,083 10,000
Total assets	\$ <u>172,921</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$ 4,974 13,147 18,121
Total liabilities Fund balances: Reserved for: B&C roads Unreserved	20,216 134,584
Total fund balances	154,800
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>172,921</u>

Howell Town Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

Total fund balances - governmental fund types

\$ 154,800

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

5,986

Revenues not considered available are deferred in the funds. These include \$3,108 in sales and use tax tax and \$8,083 in B&C road fund allocation.

11,191

Net assets of government activities

\$ 171,977

Howell Town Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 24,637

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

(2,994)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

(5,666)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 15,977

Howell Town Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Fund June 30, 2005

	Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	<u>Water Utility</u>
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,144
Receivables, net	2,045
Total current assets	64,189
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets (net of	
accumulated depreciation)	211,075
Total noncurrent assets	211,075
Total assets	275,264
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	808
Current portion of long-term debt	6,549
Interfund payable	10,000
Total current liabilities	17,357
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Notes payable	118,726
Total noncurrent liabilities	118,726
Total liabilities	136,083
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets,	
net of related debt	85,800
Unrestricted	53,381
Total net assets	\$ <u>139,181</u>

Howell Town

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Propriety Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Enterprise Fund
	<u>Water Utility</u>
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 28,913
Total operating revenues	28,913
Operating expenses:	
Wages and benefits	3,485
Materials and supplies	8,981
Utilities	3,034
Depreciation	10,896
Miscellaneous	1,868
Total operating expenses	28,264
Operating income	649
Nonoperating revenues:	
Investment earnings	1,437
Interest expense	(3,068)
Total nonoperating revenues	/1 (21)
(expenses)	(1,631)
Change in net assets	(982)
Total net assets - beginning	217,400
Prior period adjustment	(77,237)
Total net assets - ending	\$ <u>139,181</u>

Howell Town Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Enterprise Fund Water Utility
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 28,453 (13,748) (4,905)
Net cash provided by operating activities	9,800
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Prior period adjustment	(24,542)
Net cash used in financing activities	(24,542)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Principal payments on long term debt	(6,401)
Interest paid on long term debt Interfund payment received (loan issued)	(3,068) 10,000
Net cash provided by capital and related financing	
activities	531
Cash flows from investing activities:	. 1 427
Interest earnings	1,437
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,437
Net decrease in cash and	
cash equivalents	(12,774)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	74,918
Cash and cash equivalents - end	\$ 62,144

Howell Town

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Enterprise Fund
	<u>Water Utility</u>
Reconciliation of operating income	
to net cash provided by operating	
activities:	
Operating income	\$ 649
Adjustments to reconcile operating	
income to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	10,895
Change in assets and liabilities:	20,030
Receivables, net	(460)
Accounts and other payables	(1,284)
noodings and other payables	(1,204)
Not good provided by provided	
Net cash provided by operating	
activities	\$9,800
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow	
Information:	
Cash paid during the year for	
interest	\$ 3,068
	

Howell Town Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The government of Howell, Utah, is governed by an elected mayor and four council members. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the financial condition of the government. Howell, Utah, is not a component unit of any other entity, nor does it have any component units for which the government would be considered financially accountable.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all activities of the Town. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. All individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, <u>Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation</u>

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The use of financial resources to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statement, rather than reported as an expenditure.

The accounts of the government are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The government has the following fund types:

Governmental funds are used to account for the government's general government activities. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable" and "available").

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected by year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental funds include the following fund types:

The **general fund** is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use of accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The Town applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges to customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Town has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. The Town has only one proprietary fund, the water utility fund, which delivers culinary water to citizens of the Town.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

i. Cash and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with the original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Currently the only investing is done with the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

ii. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds," if they are not projected to be repaid within one year, and as "interfund receivable/payable" for amounts projected to be repaid within one year.

iii. Capital Assets

Capital assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the governmental activities column in the statement of net assets, but not in governmental funds. Governmental capital assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, including roads, bridges, streets, drainage systems and lighting systems placed in service prior to June 30, 2003, have not been capitalized.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against its operations in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net assets.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 10 - 50 years Equipment 3 - 10 years

E. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows the budget and budgetary accounting procedures established by Utah law and described in the Uniform Accounting Manual for Utah Cities and Towns.

G. Interfund Balances

The interfund receivable and payable between the general and water fund in the amount of \$10,000 represents a short-term loan between the two funds. The interfund transaction is expected to be satisfied in the 2005 - 2006 fiscal year.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Town's carrying amount of deposits was \$88,418 and the bank balance was \$88,583. At year end, the entire amount was covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

Statutes authorize Howell Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Records and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool are unrated for credit risk purposes.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Howell Town's investments at year end are shown below.

NOTE 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during the fiscal year:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 75,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 75,000
Equipment	24,548			24,548
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	99,548			99,548
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	75,000	-	-	75,000
Equipment	15,568	2,994		18,562
Total accumulated				
depreciation	90,568	2,994		93,562

Governmental activities

NOTE 3. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment	\$ 75,000 24,548	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 75,000 24,548
Total capital assets being depreciated	99,548			99,548
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Equipment	75,000 15,568	<u>-</u> 	<u>-</u>	75,000 18,562
Total accumulated depreciation	90,568	2,994		93,562
Governmental activities capital assets - net	\$ 8,980	\$ <u>(2,994</u>)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 5,986

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities: Culture and recreation Highways and streets	\$1,080 1,914
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ <u>2,994</u>

NOTE 4. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Proprietary Fund

Note payable

Long-term debt at June 30, 2005, consists of the following. This revenue bond is secured by the water utility revenues.

	Balance July 1, <u>2004</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance June 30, <u>2005</u>	Current <u>Portion</u>
State of Utah, Division of Finance, \$150,000 due in monthly installments of \$9,468 including					
interest at 2.33 percent.	\$131,675	\$	\$6,400	\$125,275	\$ <u>6,550</u>
Total	\$ <u>131,675</u>	\$	\$ <u>6,400</u>	\$ <u>125,275</u>	\$ <u>6,550</u>

B. Debt Service Requirements

The debt service requirements, including interest and principal, for the proprietary fund's long-term debt at June 30, 2005, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2006	\$ 6, 549	\$ 2,919	\$ 9,468
2007	6, 702	2,766	9,468
2008	6, 858	2,610	9,468
2009	7,018	2,450	9,468
2010	7,181	2,287	9,468
2011-2015	38,496	8,845	47,341
2016-2020	43,195	4,147	47,342
2021	9,276	216	9,492
	\$ 125 , 275	\$ 26,240	\$ <u>151,515</u>

NOTE 5. RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE

The fund balance has been restricted for the following purpose:

Restricted for B&C roads - money received from the State of Utah road fund allotment to be used for future maintenance of the Town's road network.

NOTE 6. PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on June 15 and are due November 30. Property tax revenues are not recognized when levied because they are not expected to be collected within 60 days after the end of the current year. This policy meets the criteria of GASB.

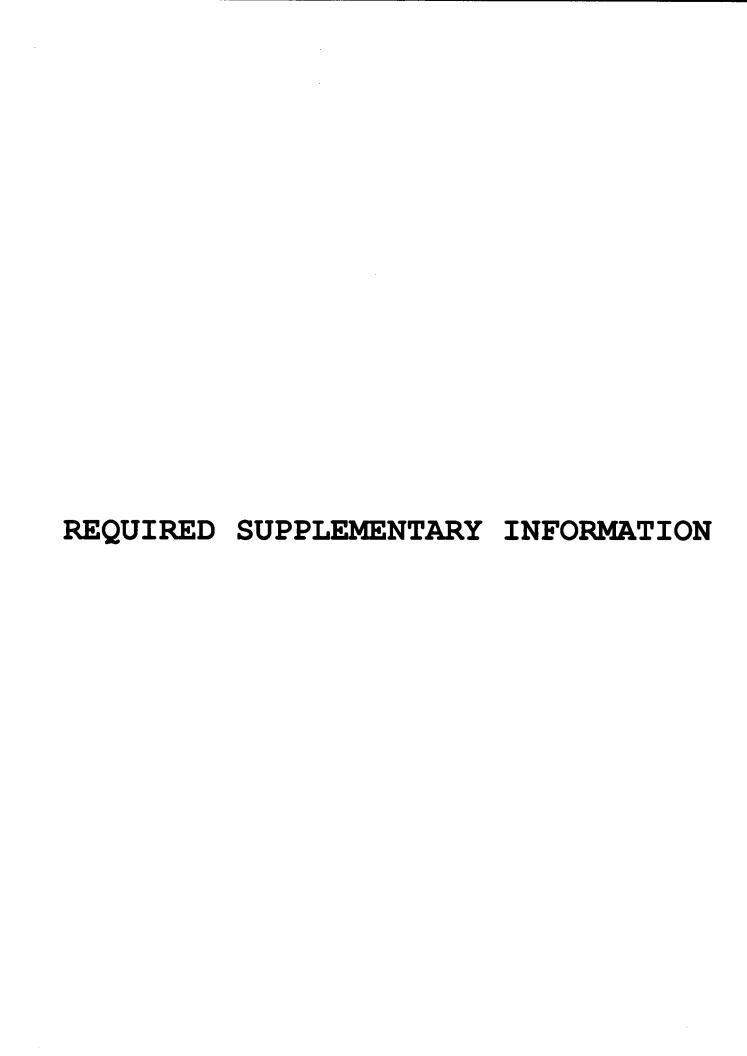
NOTE 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

Howell Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. All general liability, real property and all vehicles, including heavy equipment, are insured through Utah Local Government Trust. Injuries to employees are insured through Utah Local Government Trust. Settled claims have not exceeded the Town's insurance. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage.

NOTE 8. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the current fiscal year, the Town realized the allocation of pooled cash in the checking account needed to be adjusted between the general fund and water fund. The adjustment resulted from the purchase of a new well in a prior year and the payment on the loan to the state of Utah for the well purchase.

The amount of \$77,237 is shown as a prior period adjustment in both the general and water funds to reallocate the pooled cash amounts to the proper funds.



Howell Town Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Taxes Licenses and permits Charges for service Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 25,700 1,500 4,000 45,030 2,000	\$ 25,700 1,500 4,000 45,030 2,000	\$ 20,201 1,892 3,400 43,883 200	\$ (5,499) 392 (600) (1,147) (1,800)
Total revenues	78,230	78,230	69,576	<u>(8,654</u>)
Expenditures:				
General government Culture and recreation Highways and streets	21,300 9,000 40,000	21,300 9,000 40,000	20,505 667 23,767	795 8,333 16,233
Total expenditures	70,300	70,300	44,939	25,361
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	7,930	7,930	24,637	16,707
Fund balance at beginning of year	52,926	52,926	52,926	-
Prior period adjustment	77,237	77,237	77,237	
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$138,093</u>	\$138,093	\$154,800	\$ 16,707